ENERGY AUDIT REPORT 2021-22

in compliance with the statutory requirements under the NAAC accreditation procedures



Shri Vijaymahantesh Vidya Vardhak Sangh's

Shri Vijaya Mahantesh Arts & Commerce College For Women,

Ilkal – 587125 Dist : Bagalkot Karnataka

Principal Lead Auditor:

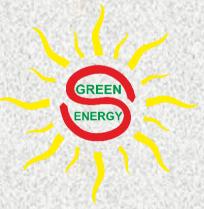
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ABOUT SUNSHUBH TECHNOVATIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

Sunshubh Technovations Private Limited is registered in the year 2020 and has evolved from initial proprietary concern, Sunshubh Renewables & Research Centre. Sunshubh has been in operation since 2008. Sunshubh today is led by a team of well experienced Certified Energy Auditors and tech- savvy young engineers.

We believe in Identifying opportunities and executing solutions based on need with highest priority to Energy conservation over efficiency.

Since beginning, Sunshubh has been growing and today, we have wide range of clientele In the field of Industry : Tool room, Chemicals and refinery, Mining, Health, Hospitality, Food processing, Infrastructure and Educational institutions under NAAC compliance. Our approach has been very aggressive in equipping ourselves with the latest instruments.

After decade of professional experience, we restructured ourselves and thus the formation of a Private Limited company on 22nd July 2020.

Today we have with us the technical team comprising three Certified Energy Auditors, One Certified Energy Manager and support team of young and enthusiastic engineers to comply to the client requirements.

POLICY MATTERS

Learning from our training in Germany and their policies, SUNSHUBH does not supply any energy saving equipment's or systems. However, we do stand up to support and execute the measures to prove our findings right. This is mandatory to assure the client that we do not market any self-centred product or orient the Audit assignment to sell any third party product. Meaning to say we stand neutral to all methodologies in the interest of adopting best technologies.

We strongly believe in sharing our knowledge and training inhouse manpower for continual improvement in energy flow.

We have set a policy not to hire the instruments from third party but to procure every small or big ones to do justice to our clients.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

CONTENTS

Page No. 3 of 73

LIST OF ONSITE PHOTOS AND DISCUSSIONS
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
CRITERION VII – INSTITUTIONAL VALUES AND BEST PRACTICES
PART 1 – GENERAL
CARBON FOOTPRINT - GREEN PLEDGE
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:
ENERGY AUDIT COMPLETION CERTIFICATE
ONGOING STATUS:
WHY IS THIS AUDIT BEING CARRIED OUT?
WHAT IS AN ENERGY AUDIT?
WHY SHOULD YOU GET AN ENERGY AUDIT?
ENERGY AUDIT OBJECTIVES
THE GOALS OF ENERGY AUDIT
UNDERSTAND THE SCOPE OF AUDIT
Geographical Parameters
Geography
Demographics
Culture
Industry
PART 2 -TECHNICAL
DISCUSSIONS ON EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:
POWER CONSUMPTION
Energy demand
RENEWABLE ENERGY

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

	Page No. 4 of 73
SENSOR TECHNOLOGY	
Task based Lighting	41
BATTERY MANAGEMENT	
BATTERY PLACEMENT:	
BATTERY REGENERATION	
NECESSITY AND ISSUES	
RISK IDENTIFICATION OF LEAD-ACID BATTERIES.	
LEAD	
SULFURIC ACID	
CADMIUM	
SAFETY TIPS	52
VENTILATION	53
NATURAL VENTILATION.	54
WHY SUPER ENERGY EFFICIENT CEILING FANS?	55
SAFETY	57
LIST OF INSTRUMENTS:	58
ACTION PLAN SUMMARY	59
MODE OF ACTION:	
NOTES:	60

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 5 of 73

LIST OF ONSITE PHOTOS AND DISCUSSIONS.

Figure 1 - Home energy pyramid	8
Figure 2 - Bureau of energy Efficiency Regd No: EA3485	21
Figure 3 - ISO Certified Lead Auditor. Certificate No: 47730	
Figure 4 - ISO Certified Lead Auditor. Certificate No: ENR-00253448	
Figure 5 - Manager training programme, Germany	
Figure 6 - Fit for partnership with Germany	
Figure 7 - Aerial view of campus	35
Figure 8- scope for sensor based Light switching.	40
Figure 9- Need for occupancy sensor	41
Figure 10 - T5 & T8 tube lights with Electromagnetic choke	41
Figure 11 Battery placement, Need insulated platform. and space betw	ween two
batteries	
Figure 12 - Absence of cross ventilation	
Figure 13 - Galvanic reaction causing damage to battery life	47
Figure 14- Open the ventilators for hot air exit	54
Figure 15 - Safety, electrical earthing compliance	57

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 6 of 73

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Sr No	Observation*	Problems*	Resulting losses*	Remedial measures*	Capital*	Projected savings*	Category 7
1	Power Consum ption	PF Penalty	Energy & revenue loss	Install Capacitor bank.	Rs.50,000/- approxima tely	Avoided revenue penalty	
2	Solar Power	Suggest to insta times.	II Solar Powe	r to minimise us	e of energy d	uring Offgrid	7.1.2
3	Occupa ncy sensor	Wastage of power	High	Occupancy sensor based switching	₹1500 per room	Resulted ROI of one year.	7.1.2
4	Battery placem ent	Concealed enclosure. Battery shell in conductor loop	Low performan ce & self- discharge.	Design the stacking arrangemen ts.	In house resources	25% of the cost of the batteries.	7.1.2, 7.1.6
5	Battery regener ation.	Short life span	300% of the cost of the battery.	Subject all batteries to regeneratio n made.	Rs.20.00 Lacs or as per user agreement	300 %	7.1.2, 7.1.6

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 7 of 73

Sr No	Observation*	Problems*	Resulting losses*	Remedial measures*	Capital*	Projected savings*	Category 7
6	Electrica I	Old tube lights	High energy consumers	LED lights of appropriate ratings.	Rs.80/- to Rs.250/- per unit	Rs.175/- per tube per annum. ROI of 1 years.	7.1.6
7	Natural Lighting	Un cleaned windows and ventilators, forced switching on of tube lights	High energy bills	Clean the windowpan es and allow maximum natural light penetration.	Nil, part of routine, In house manpower	Substantial cost of energy bills on lighting.	7.1.2, 7.1.6
8	Natural Ventilati on	Permanently closed ventilators.	Creation of hot air pockets below the ceiling.	Open the Ventilators for easy exit of hot/warm air from the rooms.	Nil, In house manpower	Eliminates use of Electrical Fans and Substantial cost of energy bills	7.1.2, 7.1.6

* For details, please follow the discussions in the report.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

CRITERION VII – INSTITUTIONAL VALUES AND BEST PRACTICES

Metric	Daari		Complia-	
No.	Description		nce	Initiatives required
7.1.1	Measures initic	ated by the	Partly	Our The concept of home
	Institution for the	e promotion of	Complied	energy management may be
QIM	gender equity a	during the last		initiated for the women. The
	five years.			typical illustration is
	Annual gende	r sensitization		reproduced.
	action plan			
	Specific facilitie	s provided for		
	women in terms	of:		
	Safety and secu	urity - Energy		
		CONTY CENCY CONTY CENCY		

Key Indicator - 7.1 Institutional Values and Social Responsibilities

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 9 of 73

			Page No. 9 of 7
	Environmental Consciousness		Discuss on why the recent
	and Sustainability		calamities keep occurring
			more often than before.
7.1.2	The Institution has facilities for	Complied	Considering the cost of energy
QnM	alternate sources of energy	through	use, serious consideration may
	and energy conservation	parent	be taken up for,
	measures	society.	Solar
			Biogas plant in Hostel mess.
	Solar energy		If solar is installed the power
	 Biogas plant 		can be exported to grid on
	Wheeling to the Grid		non-working hours.
	Sensor-based energy		Sensor based control is a must
	conservation		for energy use optimization.
	• Use of LED bulbs/ power		Complete the ongoing work at
	efficient equipment		faster pace.
7.1.3	Describe the facilities in the	Complied	Energy consumption details
QIM	Institution for the	partially	need to be monitored and the
	management of the following	wrt	benefits of avoided
	types of degradable and non-	minimising	accumulated energy use and
	degradable waste (within 500		power demand should be
	words)		established.
	Solid waste management		
	Liquid waste management		
	Biomedical waste manage-		
	ment		
	E-waste management		
	Waste recycling system		
	Hazardous chemicals and		
	radioactive waste manage-		
	ment		
	•	•	•

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 10 of 73

7.1.4	Water conservation facilities	Complied	The institution should consider
	available in the Institution:	•	in measuring the energy and
QnM		Open	power demand at various
	Rain water harvesting Bore-	ground	ground water table to
	well /Open well recharge	percolati	demonstrate the impact of
	Construction of tanks and	on,	increased water table by
	bunds.	Open well	rainwater harvesting methods.
	Waste water recycling	restoratio	Kindly refer to the article listed
	Maintenance of water bodies	n.	at the end of the table.
	and distribution system in the	Percolatio	
	campus	n pond	
		near to	
		open well	
7.1.5	Green campus initiatives	Partially	With disciplined vehicle
	include (4)	complied.	parking the reduction in fuel
QnM	7.1.5.1. The institutional		consumption can be
	initiatives for greening the		demonstrated in the college
	campus are as follows:		campus. The students can be
	Restricted entry of		given a task of conducting
	automobiles		such practical on field and a
	Use of Bicycles/ Battery		competition should educate
	powered vehicles		the society.
	Pedestrian Friendly pathways		
	Ban on use of Plastic		
	landscaping with trees and		
	plants.		

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 11 of 73

[[1	
7.1.6	Quality audits on environment	Complied	The audit findings should be
	and energy are regularly		predominantly projected by
QnM	undertaken by the institution		action from all stake holders of
	(5)		the institution.
	7.1.6.1. The institutional		
	environment and energy		
	initiatives are confirmed		
	through the following		
	1.Green audit		
	2. Energy audit		
	3.Environment audit		
	4.Clean and green campus		
	recognitions/awards		
	5. Beyond the campus		
	environmental promotional		
	activities		
7.1.7	The Institution has disabled-	The	
	friendly, barrier free	initiatives	The demand for muscle power
QnM	environment	have	to climb the ramp may be
	Built environment with	been	considered as one such case
	ramps/lifts for easy access to	considere	and ideally establish the
	classrooms.	d.	gradient of the ramp.
	Disabled-friendly washrooms		
	Signage including tactile		
	path, lights, display boards		
	and signposts		
	Assistive technology and		
	facilities for persons with		
	disabilities (Divyangjan)		
	accessible website, screen-		
	1	1	

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 12 of 73

reading software,		
mechanized equipment		
Provision for enquiry and		
information: Human		
assistance, reader, scribe, soft		
copies of reading material,		
screen reading		
Sensitization of students and	Need to	
employees of the Institution to	explore.	The sensitization of switching off
the constitutional obligations:		the non-required electrical
values, rights, duties and		appliances and devices should
responsibilities of citizens		be encouraged. Like
Describe the various activities		organizing the inhouse
in the Institution for inculcating		competition.
values for being responsible		Every student to table their
citizens as reflected in the		energy bills in the previous year.
Constitution of India within 500		The savings in the forth coming
words.		year should be recorded and
		an energy ambassador award
		be shouldered on the top
		students. This activity brings in
		the sense of responsibility,
		accountability and importantly
		knowing their energy use and
		abuse.
The Institution has a	Complied	A range of activities can be
prescribed code of conduct	•	brought in just as discussed in
for students, teachers,		7.1.9 above.
administrators and other staff		
and conducts periodic		
programs in this regard.		
	mechanized equipment Provision for enquiry and information: Human assistance, reader, scribe, soft copies of reading material, screen reading Sensitization of students and employees of the Institution to the constitutional obligations: values, rights, duties and responsibilities of citizens Describe the various activities in the Institution for inculcating values for being responsible citizens as reflected in the Constitution of India within 500 words. The Institution has a prescribed code of conduct for students, teachers, administrators and other staff and conducts periodic	mechanized equipmentProvision for enquiry andinformation:Humanassistance, reader, scribe, softcopies of reading material,screen readingNeed toemployees of the Institution tothe constitutional obligations:values, rights, duties andresponsibilities of citizensDescribe the various activitiesin the Institution for inculcatingvalues for being responsiblecitizens as reflected in theConstitution of India within 500words.The Institution has aprescribed code of conductfor students, teachers,administrators and other staffand conducts periodic

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 13 of 73

7.1.11	The Code of Conduct is displayed on the website There is a committee to monitor adherence to the Code of Conduct Institution organizes professional ethics programs for students, teachers, administrators and other staff Annual awareness programs on Code of Conduct are organized Institution celebrates /	Complied	In today's practices, the
QIM	organizes national and	Complied	celebration has been formal.
	international commemorative days, events and festivals Describe the efforts of the Institution in celebrating /organizing national and international commemorative days, events and festivals during the last five years within 500 words		The actual celebration has to be yearlong. The theme for the year has to be laid and the activities should be conducted and on the day of celebration the selective activities be carried out. Just to illustrate, Consider the Republic Day. We celebrate the flag hoisting and with cultural activities. Consider the week-long program where in, students can discuss what is the Republic Day. How the final draft got to be written and who

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 14 of 73

			all are the members of the draft
			committee.
			https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/C
			onstitution_of_India
7.2.1	Describe two best practices	Complied	
QIM	successfully implemented by		When the listed activities from
	the Institution as per NAAC		7.1.1 to 7.1.11 are complied,
	format provided in the		the institute can have many
	Manual.		creative best practices and the
			achievements can really bring
			in the name, fame and the
			recognition and appreciation
			not just on records but on
			monetary contributions as well.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 15 of 73



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इन लेखों में प्रकट विचार मुलतः लेखकों के हैं तथा यह आवश्यक नहीं है कि इरेडा या विनरौक भी इन विचारों से सहमत हो ।

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FROM THE EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

The simple economics of water and energy security



t is estimated that the global annual use of commercial energy is about 400 Quads (quadrillion BTUs). The sun pours an additional 6 million Quads of radiant energy into the Earth's atmosphere each year. Thus in absolute terms, energy available is several orders of magnitude higher than demand. Yet, the world continues to struggle against an acute energy crisis. This leads one to believe that the problem is not merely of energy availability but rather a problem of affordability. Energy is a matter of pure economics, of demand and supply - at a cost.

A similar principle applies to water. Though roughly 80 percent of the Earth's surface is water, cheap potable and clean water is simply beyond the reach of millions across the world. Potable water sourcing, treatment, and distribution require considerable amounts of energy. Access to water is therefore closely linked to energy availability and affordability.

This close interdependence between energy and water needs to be clearly recognized and the nexus addressed suitably at the policy level. The first and foremost priority of any energy policy should be the wise, efficient use of whatever energy supplies are available. Similarly, priority should be given to the efficient use of whatever water supplies exist. Once the issue of efficient use has been tackled, focus can then be shifted on creating new energy and water supplies that meet sustainability and environmental requirements. And this may not be as difficult to achieve as it appears.

As in the case of energy use, the difficult part is reducing the quantum of water use while maintaining the level of benefits both for the customer and the utility. If this can be addressed. water utilities can save money as the reduced demand effectively creates more system capacity. With decreasing demand, the water utility effectively avoids additional investments in new facilities and equipment. Reduced volume of water flowing through the system has the attendant advantage of reduced frictional energy losses, thereby reducing the cost of pumping. This leads to a win-win situation for both the consumer and the utility, with the consumer benefiting through the reduced cost of delivery, diminished chances of water shortfalls, and the utility benefiting from decreased likelihood of major investment expenditures.

Needless to say that all this also saves energy. In rural areas, a large number of irrigation pump sets are either operated at highly subsidized electricity tariff from the power utilities or at no cost at all, encouraging the use of poorly designed inefficient pump sets which are over-rated and over-used. Replacing these pump sets with energy-efficient ones is one option, but who bears the cost? Another option is rainwater harvesting. For every one foot increase of the water table one achieves an approximate savings of 1 percent power.

Which means one gets more for the same energy use. That's simple economics.

MA male Debashish Majumdar Managing Director, IREDA

The Bulletin on Energy Efficiency August 2005 Vol 6 Issue 1

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Water-Energy: two faces of a coin

There is a direct relationship between water and power. A reduced water table is directly proportional to the square of the increased electrical power consumption, says the author

e all presume that if the dams and reservoirs are full then electrical power could be available in plenty. However, we tend to ignore that the demand for electrical power has been growing at a much faster rate than what we can produce and, hence, any amount of rain and or electrical power generated is insufficient to meet our demand. Most thermal power plants are running low owing to a short supply of coal. So where are we?

The recent changes in temperature and erratic rainfall has a direct relationship with urbanization. With increased urbanization and industrialization, we have only created a greater need for energy. This energy is sourced primarily from fossil fuels such as coal and nuclear power plants. In the absence of rains, the only means of generating electrical power is by burning fossil fuels. The burning releases emissions into the atmosphere, resulting in increased CO, concentration in the troposphere, and subsequently the greenhouse effect. The disturbed rainfall pattern is a result of this global warming.

The demand for power can be classified into four areas: agricultural need-based: industrial need-based: commercial need-based; and domestic need-based.

Today, a number of agencies such as the Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), Petroleum Conservation Research Association (PCRA), the National Productivity Council (NPC) and a host of voluntary organizations, are working at ensuring energy efficiency in industries. But while the commercial and domestic need-based sectors have the potential little is being done in this area. These sectors need a lot of education, motivation and awareness.

The agricultural industry needs the greatest attention, mainly in irrigation pump-sets (IPs). Most IPs are being operated free or on highly subsidized electricity supply. But eventually they consume a lot of power.

For instance, there are 16,000 irrigation pumps reportedly being operated under the HESCOM (Hubli Electric Supply Company), a division in North Karnataka. If, on an average each 5 HP pump consumes 3.73 kW of power per hour (there are actually a greater number of 10 HP pumps), the total consumption is as below:

For 10 hours per day = 37.30 kWh For 200 days of watering = 7,460 kWh (7.46 MWh/pumpset)

For 16,000 sets, it is 119,360 MWh which means, 358,080 MWh of power generation at the power plant.

To reduce this consumption, should the IP users be asked to change over to energy-efficient sets? The question is:

- can the users afford the change?
- are they willing to accept the new brands of sets imposed on them?
- can the sale of inefficient IP sets be controlled?

Or should measures be adopted where the users may not use the IPs at all? Or can power consumption be reduced?

One good method is to reduce power consumed by IP sets by increasing the water table. If the water table can be increased by, say, 13 ft, then for the same 150 LPM delivery we will need a 4 HP (2.984 kW), and the savings for 16,000 IP sets would be 23,872 MWh, which is 20 percent approximately 1.5 percent power saving for every feet of increase in the water table. This increase in water table can be achieved by adopting rainwater harvesting through either bunds or by natural

filtration tanks or by preventing pumping of water by making use of rainwater.

Now who meets the cost of these programs is one big question. Let us see how the electrical supply company benefits: If the organization spends around Rs 5,000 per IP set, we have Rs 800 crore as the capital investment on rainwater harvesting. For an annual savings of 23,872 MWh of electrical power, a savings of Rs 9.55 crore at the rate of Rs 4 per kWh for every feet increase in the water table.

It is always better not to use energy than try and save energy.

When a process industry utilizes water for its operations, then this water has to be demineralized or softened. To do this, it will need electrical power. Also due to dissolved solids and increased concentration, repeated breakdowns may happen, demanding periodic maintenance and scraping of industrial components, which means more energy consumption.

Now, greater the amount of rainwater harvested, lesser will be the dissolved solids, which means less breakdowns and increased fuel savings. Once the fuel consumption comes down, the release of CO, into the atmosphere is also reduced. Reduced CO, means lesser effect on global warming. This will then lead to stable weather conditions and predictable monsoons. Once the ecological cycle is renewed, achieving a balance between industrial, agricultural and environmental growth is easy.

Water is a renewable source of energy and must be conserved.

Courtesy: Mallikarjun A. Kambalyal, President, Sunshubh Renewable Energy Foundation E-mail: mallu_solar@yahoo.co.uk

The Bulletin on Energy Efficiency August 2005 Vol 6 Issue 1

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 17 of 73

PART 1 – GENERAL

CARBON FOOTPRINT - GREEN PLEDGE

(PROPOSED)

We the Principal, the staff and students, adopt responsible practices in our daily activities with due regard to the environment. We set and continually review objectives and targets for achieving our goal to protect our entire college premises in front, backyard and all other non-approachable areas of all primary and secondary pollutions.

We seek to compile with safety and environmental regulations to implement inhouse standards to improve our environmental performance. We commit ourselves to the safe operation of all our working habits, be it in classrooms, library, canteen, on road, off road, in-campus out-campus as well as at our place of stay. We adhere to reduce environmental load by efficiently using resources, saving energy, reducing waste, encouraging material recycle, with special emphasize to minimising emissions of greenhouse gases, ozone depleting substance and particle matter.

We endure to minimise environmental loads and adopt environmentally friendly technologies when ordering and purchasing necessary products and resources. We endure to attend educational programs and promulgate our close friends and colleagues to follow suite We endure to ensure that we recognize the essence of this Green policy by actively and aggressively conducting workshops and training to all in environmental concepts. We make wide ranging social contribution to close association with the students, teaching staff, administrative staff, housekeeping staff by disclosing environmental information and supporting environmental consumption.

-Sd-

Principal

(Indicative templet for display at all prominent areas, waiting rooms, canteen, library, relaxing areas in the campus.)

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

SUNSHUBH TECHNOVATIONS PVT LTD., is pleased to express its sincere gratitude to the management of Shri Vijaymahantesh Vidya Vardhak Sangh's Shri Vijaya Mahantesh Arts & Commerce College For Women, Ilkal – 587125 Dist : Bagalkot Karnataka for entrusting Sunshubh Technovations Pvt Ltd., with the assignment on Green Earth practices based on Educate, Practice, Advocate & Manage the resources in their educational organization.

We also wish to thank the officials and the maintenance staff for the help rendered during the energy flow study.

We would fail if we neglect to appreciate the sincere efforts put in by the 7th Criteria Team lead by the able and motivating Principal Prof Basavraj B Suggamad and the students who against all odds have kept the college premises clean to the possible limits. Without the crucial and significant support from the fellow teaching team the energy savings and carbon footprint reduction would not be a reality.

With the motivational support of the management, ground realistic support from teaching team and sincere efforts of the students in incorporating the change (habits) and instructions, the college could effectively declare the reduction in Carbon footprint and optimize the waste reductions.

We are not in a position to compute the carbon foot print at this point of time as the basic information from each of the students is yet to be collected; however, we will discuss the Carbon Foot print in the follow up compliance report.

NAAC COMMITTEE

S No	Position	Name		
1	Chairperson & Principal	Prof,B.B. Suggamad		
2	Senior Administrative Officers	Prof S S Upanal		
		Prof Shashidhar S Patil		
		Prof P R Patil		
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		Prof G G Patil		
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THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 19 of 73

		Prof T M Kulakarni
		Prof S R Kalyanashetti
		Dr. Radhika M
4	Management Member	Shri Sharanappa C Akki
5	Students and Alumni Member	Prof A L Guram Kumari Sushmita Pawar
6	Stakeholder	Shri M V Patil
7	IQAC Coordinator	Dr R B Baad

Prof A Veena

Wishing the team, a great success we deeply express our gratitude and heartfelt "THANKYOU" for allowing us to assess the energy flow scenario there by the ENERGY STATUS.

We acknowledge the involvement of all the team members.

Mallikarjun A. Kambalyal. B.E.(E&C). Certified Energy Auditors (EA-3485) SUNSHUBH TECHNOVATIONS PVT LTD.,

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 20 of 73

Criteria 7.1.6

ENERGY AUDIT COMPLETION CERTIFICATE

I, Mallikarjun A Kambalyal, endorse and confirm that the Energy Audit has been carried out on 14th Feb 2022 under the instructions of Shri Vijaymahantesh Vidya Vardhak Sangh's Shri Vijaya Mahantesh Arts & Commerce College For Women, Ilkal – 587125 Dist : Bagalkot Karnataka This report is generated based on the site visits and evidence collected from the site.

All attempts have been made to evaluate the scope for development and inculcate green practices in the campus and extended throughout the campus. The focus is also laid to make positive impact on the society for a better living.

I also confirm and sign this certificate, in case the institution needs demonstration, my team of professionals shall be happy to do so.

We present this report to much more than the legal or mandatory compliances. This report is tabled in two parts. The first forms the core discussions which are general in nature. The second section is subject specific under the statutory requirements of the NAAC accreditation norms. They are Audit reports on, Green aspects, Energy aspects, Environment aspects, Health aspects and the discussions on net CARBON FOOTPRINT & the CARBON HANDPRINT initiatives.

Any modifications, changes, omissions after the site visit shall be exclusive.

Authorised Auditor.

Mallikarjun A. Kambalyal B.E (E&C)

Certified Energy Auditors EA-3485& ISO 50001:2011 & ISO14001:2015 Lead Auditor. Original certificate is sent separately.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 21 of 73



BUREAU OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Examination Registration No. : EA-3485 Serial Number. 2838 Certificate Registration No. : 2838



Certificate For Certified Energy Manager

This is to certify that Mr./Mrs./Ms. Mallikarjun A Kambalyal Son/Daughter of Mr./Mrs. Andanappa V Kambalyal who has passed the National Examination for certification of energy manager held in the month of April 2006 is qualified as certified energy manager subject to the provisions of Bureau of Energy Efficiency (Certification Procedures for Energy Managers) Regulations, 2010.

This certificate shall be valid for five years with effect from the date of award of this certificate and shall be renewable subject to attending the prescribed refresher training course once in every five years.

His /Her name has been entered in the Register of certified energy manager at Serial Number .2838 being maintained by the Bureau of Energy Efficiency under the aforesaid regulations.

Mr./Mrs./Ms. Mallikarjun A Kambalyal is deemed to have qualified for appointment or designation as energy manager under clause (*1*) of Section 14 of the Energy Conservation Act, 2001 (Act No.52 of 2001).

Digitally Signed: RAKESH KUMAR RAI Sun Mar 01 10:56:09 IST 2020 Secretary, BEE New Delhi

Secretary Bureau of Energy Efficiency New Delhi

Dates of attending the refresher course	Secretary's Signature	Dates of attending the refresher course	Secretary's Signature
28.01.2020	Ole-		

Figure 2 - Bureau of energy Efficiency Regd No: EA3485

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 22 of 73

Certificate of Successful Completion



This is to Certify that

MALLIKARJUN A KAMBALYAL

has successfully completed the

Intertek

CQI & IRCA Certified ISO 14001:2015 Auditor Conversion Training Course

The Course includes the assessment and evaluation of Environmental Management Systems to conform to the requirements of ISO 14001:2015 and ISO 19011:2011

This course is certified by the Chartered Quality Institute (CQI) and the International Register of Certificated Auditors (IRCA) – IRCA REFERENCE 18093 –

The course meets the training requirements for individuals seeking certification under the IRCA Auditor Certification Schemes





Authorising Signature: Vypra Aqueova

Course Dates: 14^h – 16th July 2017 Membership Application To Be Made Within 3 Years From Last Day of Course

121807

Figure 3 - ISO Certified Lead Auditor. Certificate No: 47730

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 23 of 73

By Royal Charter				ad Auditor Training Course						making excellence a habit".		
bsi.	BSI Training Academy	This is to certify that Mallikarjun A. Kambalyal	has attended and passed	Energy Management Systems (ENMS) Auditor/Lead Auditor (ISO 50001:2011)	oll	Premanand Ramakrishnan, Director of Training	Date: 14/04/2016 - 18/04/2016 Certificate Number: ENR-00253448	This certificate is valid for 3 years from the date above for the purpose of registering as an auditor with IRCA.	Course number A17583 certified by IRCA	The British Standards Institution is incorporated by Royal Charter ESI India, The Mira Corporate Suites (A-2), Plot 1 & 2 lahwar Nagar Mathura Road, New Dehi 110065, India Tel: 491 11 2652 9000		

Figure 4 - ISO Certified Lead Auditor. Certificate No: ENR-00253448

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 24 of 73



THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 25 of 73

	Federal Ministry of Economics and Technology	giz Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH
	Certifi	cate
	Fit for Partnership	with Germany
		the bast
45	Mr Mallikarjun Kan	
. S	has successfully particip	bated in the
	Manager Training Prog Federal Ministry of Economic with India	
	from September 2 to September 2	28, 2013 in Germany.
	The programme was carried out by the Cologne.	TÜV Rheinland Akademie,
	The Manager Training Programme is funde Economics and Technology of the Federal GIZ is the general manager and coordinato	Republic of Germany.
	Bonn, September 2013	
	M. Kuut Gesellschafter Gesellschafte	Christina Otto
	GIZ – Deutsche Gesellschaft für	senior Project Manager BIZ – Deutsche Gesellschaft für tternationale Zusammenarbeit GmbH

Figure 6 - Fit for partnership with Germany

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

ONGOING STATUS:

It's an optimistic & highly dedicated team effort lead by the Principal & the senior staff who have dedicated all their wits & free time to initiate Green Carpet the entire college premises. It is also a fact that there do exist few short comings which however is unintentional & on being trained & educated the campus should look for continued minimized waste generation. With all due appreciation to the management, staff involved & cooperation by the students, we have made few suggestions which on implementation, will reduce, demand for water & electrical power. It will also reduce the existing level of pollution to bear minimum.

NO WASTE - NO POLLUTION - NO HEALTH HAZARD.

WHY IS THIS AUDIT BEING CARRIED OUT?

Whether you own or manage a small business, a large commercial facility, or a manufacturing operation, it's important to take advantage of any tips, programs and incentives that will help you save money on your energy bills. There are measures that will generate savings to positively impact your bottom line immediately, as well as longer-term strategic initiatives to assess your needs and stabilize your energy spend in the longer term – which is great news for your budget!

One such initiative is an energy audit. Energy audits reveal your usage patterns, identify waste, over-expenditure and, generally, make you fully cognizant of where your energy dollars are going. This knowledge will enable you to be more efficient with your energy use and be able to track and accelerate savings. Energy Audits may sound expensive or complicated, but they can be free and are easier than you think.

WHAT IS AN ENERGY AUDIT?

An energy audit is an analysis of a facility, indicating how and where that facility can reduce energy consumption and save energy costs. Its insight to energy efficiency and conservation can lead to significant savings on the company's utility bill.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 27 of 73

WHY SHOULD YOU GET AN ENERGY AUDIT?

Energy costs are soaring and your business can be at considerable risk if you do not take the guesswork out of your energy usage and the budget you need to cover it. Energy audits identify where your business is wasting energy. Residential and commercial properties account for around 10% of carbon emissions in the US, according to the EPA, which means they are very inefficient and waste huge amounts of energy and... revenue. An energy audit helps by revealing just how and where energy is being wasted. With thousands of commercial energy customers nationwide, we are well-qualified to advise you on which methods are best used for reducing energy waste and overall energy consumption. Let's start with a simple free evaluation of your bills and show you how we have been found to save between 5% and 35% for many of our customers.

In the case of energy, less is more. Lower energy consumption equals lower energy costs. And, of course, less energy consumption is obviously good for the environment.

As you can see, to be truly effective, energy management requires a strategy just like the other aspect of your operation and measures to curb costs can be simple and in some cases free. Gaining more control over your energy costs will improve the general health of your budget. Not only that but reducing your CARBON FOOTPRINT is great for the environment too!

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

ENERGY AUDIT OBJECTIVES

Energy Audit was initiated in the beginning of 1970's, with the motive of inspecting the work executed within an organization, whose exercises could cause risk to the health of inhabitants and the environment. It exposes the genuineness of the proclamation made by the organisation with the concern on health issues. As a consequence of their operations with respect to environmental pollution it is the duty of the organisation to carry out the Energy Audit of the ongoing processes for various reasons, such as,

- To make sure whether one is performing in accordance with the relevant rules and regulations,
- To improve the procedures and aptness of material in use,
- To analyse the potential duties and to determine a way which can lower the cost and to the revenue.

Through Energy Audit one gets adoration as to how to improve the condition of the environment. There are various factors that were forced upon and determine the growth of/or conduct of Energy Audit. Incidents like,

- Decades old Bhopal gas tragedy, that has left its residual effect which still haunts us.
- Our buildings catching fire due to various reasons,
- Industries blowing off taking valuable human lives etc
- People going sick, feeling tired, after long hours of operations in the organization,
- Increased demand of generators due to inconsistent power supply, which has resulted or lead into recent floods and droughts,

are some of the situations to ponder about!

To address various issues in context with human health, Energy Audit is assigned to "Criteria 7" of NAAC (National assessment and accreditation council) accreditation. NAAC is a self-governing organization in India that declares the institutions as Grade "A++", "A+", "A", Grade "B", according to the scores assigned at the time of accreditation.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 29 of 73

The other intention of organising Energy Audit is to update the environment conditions in and around the institutions i.e., within the compound and outside the compound. It is carried out with the aid of performing certain tasks like waste management, energy consumed, diesel burnt it performing the objective of the organization. Lastly to self-assess the net carbon footprint of the conduct of process in the organization.

THE GOALS OF ENERGY AUDIT

- The purpose of carrying out Energy Audit is securing the environment and cut down the threat posed to human health.
- To Make sure that rules and regulations are complied with.
- To avoid the environmental interruptions that are more difficult to handle and their corrections call for high cost.
- To suggest the best protocol for adding to sustainable development.
- To execute the process of the organisation utilising minimum natural resources and efficient use of those resources contributing to minimum waste generation.

How is the Energy Audit conducted?

- Pre-audit
- Planning
- Selecting the team of auditors both internal and external
- Schedule the audit facility
- Acquire the background information
- Visit areas under audit

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 30 of 73

UNDERSTAND THE SCOPE OF AUDIT

- Analyse the strengths and weaknesses of the internal controls
- Conduct audit with end user comfort focused and making it easy to perform.
- Collect necessary evidence so that the stakeholders stand to understand how and where they are going wrong in the process of their conduct.
- Post audit draw the report based on the data collected.
- On confirmation of the preliminary report, draw a final report of the observations and inference with accuracy more near to implementable way.
- Discuss various remedial measures for alternatives if required.
- Prepare an action plan to overcome the shortcomings with continual observation on the action plan initiated.

Steps under Energy Audit

- Water is one of the cheapest commodities next to the Air we breathe. Although we Indians, use less water in comparison to western countries. However, the extent of pollutants that we leave behind has polluted all the resources including the deep well.
- Rainwater harvesting is one of the best techniques that can be adopted by harvesting the rainwater and using it at the time of scarcity. the audit team to observe and investigate the relevant methods that can be adopted and implemented and draw the balance of use of water.
- The point of generation of waste, the type of waste generated, i.e., hazardous, recyclable and organically compostable wastes and segregating method at the point of generation for easy and best way to handle the same. Evaluating such methods to minimise the use of resources in the process of their management.
- It deals with use of energy in the conduct of the process. The priority is topmost for conservation over efficiency; hence, energy auditor should always consider not to use the energy if necessary. At best it can be used judiciously.
- It analyses air quality, noise level and the programs undertaken by the institution for plantation creating awareness of trees around us and how nature provides us with remedial measures within its framework.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 31 of 73

- In the process of use of resources and conduct of the activities, they can develop impact on human health, that might be off minutely harmful, cause permanent disorder or may even cause death. Occupational health hazards are discussed in detail and the stakeholders are informed of the same and required necessary remedial measures indicated.
- To make in organisation net zero net zero carbon emission use of renewable resources including energy such as solar wind biogas geothermal energies are put into ooh utilisation.
- The net impact All the above energy audits should be to make an organisation contribute zero emissions which are called by bhai use of water generation of waste use of energy e environmental damage health damage and finally to explore if the campus or direction can go in in contributing to third-party emissions minimising
- To draw home the benefits, the system has been separated out into various audits as listed above. In doing so, and if audit findings are effectively implemented there are many advantages that can be practised in the process
- Recognise the cost saving methods through waste minimising and managing technologies.
- Point out the prevailing and forth coming complications.
- Authenticate conformity with the legal requirements.
- Empower the organisation to frame a better environmental performance.
- Portray a good image of the institution which helps build better relationships with the group's organisations, stakeholders in and around its operations
- Enhance the alertness for environmental guidelines duties and conduct of preparedness for any eventualities due to environmental disasters proposed)
- Indicative templet for display at all prominent areas, classrooms, waiting rooms, canteen, library, relaxing areas in the campus.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 32 of 73

FACTORS CONSIDERED.

GEOGRAPHICAL PARAMETERS

Sourse : https://en.wikipedia.org /wiki/Bagalkot district.

Ilkal is a City in <u>Bagalkot district</u> in the <u>Indian state</u> of <u>Karnataka</u>. The town is located in a valley that lies in south-east corner of <u>Bagalkot district</u> and is quite close to the borders of Kushtagi <u>taluk</u> of the <u>Koppal district</u>. Now Ilkal city is taluka head quarter. It lies at a distance of about 12 km (7.5 mi) south of Hunagund. Between these two towns, Ilkal is an important centre of trade, commerce, education, and industry. Ilkal is well connected with state and national highways. It is also famous for its hospitality and education institutions. A brief note on key aspects and there impact on the educational institutions in ILKAL.

- Ilkal saree
- Geography
- Demographics
- Culture
- Industry

Ilkal saree. Main article: Ilkal saree

Ilkal is famous for hand-loomed sarees, popularly known as <u>Ilkal sarees</u>. These sarees are worn in the <u>North Karnataka</u>, <u>Andhra Pradesh</u> and <u>Maharashtra</u> states. Ilkal

sarees have a distinctive pattern and are usually made from cotton. They are best suited for weather conditions prevailing in the region. Recently, sarees made in Ilkal are worn by high society ladies as a fashion statement. There are many wide variety of sarees are made here with variable cotton and silk ratios.



GEOGRAPHY.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 33 of 73

Ilkal is located at 15.97°N 76.13°E. It has an average elevation of 585 m. Ilkal is famous for <u>pink granite</u> (ruby red), which is exported all over the world. The town is surrounded by the levelled surface and small hills in certain directions which has an abundant resource of the granite stones. The majority of the soil found here is the rich, fertile black soil with a <u>semi-arid region type</u>.

DEMOGRAPHICS.

Ilkal is a city municipal council city in district of bagalkot, karnataka. The Ilkal city is divided into 31 wards for which elections are held every 5 years. The Ilkal city municipal council has population of 60,242 of which 30,265 are males while 29,977 are females as per report released by census India 2011.

Population of children with age of 0-6 is 8131 which is 13.50 % of total population of Ilkal (cmc). In Ilkal city municipal council, female sex ratio is of 990 against state average of 973. Moreover child sex ratio in Ilkal is around 941 compared to karnataka state average of 948. Literacy rate of Ilkal city is 78.94 % higher than state average of 75.36 %. In Ilkal, male literacy is around 87.16 % while female literacy rate is 70.71 %. Ilkal city municipal council has total administration over 11,472 houses to which it supplies basic amenities like water and sewerage. It is also authorized to build roads within city municipal council limits and impose taxes on properties coming under its jurisdiction.

CULTURE.

Shri Vijay Mahantesh—A saint (ajja), who followed the foot prints of lord <u>Basava</u> and showed the way of living life with peace and harmony. It is believed that, he never disappoints his devotees. A temple (math or gaduge) is built in his name, by the devotees. Every year in the month of September (Shravan masa—Hindu calendar), i.e. last Monday of that month a fair is held, where a chariot decorated with flowers is being pulled by the devotees or followers of the math. A possession will be held in the evening in which a well decorated palanquin is taken around the town.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

INDUSTRY

The main source of income is the granite business and weaving is a widespread occupation. The agricultural land is not arable, and it faces the threat of pollution because of the granite activities involved and water shortage. Hence, the agriculture provides a very little employment opportunity to the locals. Jowar, Sunflower are the major crops grown here, and the agriculture is rain dependent.

As stated above, Ilkal is also famous for Ilkal sarees, which are a specific designed border. These will be dazzlingly authentic, to wear in any functions. The Ilkal pure silk saree costs anywhere between Rs.4000 and 12000, whereas an Ilkal chamka (alternate thread of cotton and silk) saree costs somewhere between 600 and 2000. Most of the handloom weaving culture is replaced by the powerloom weaving styles and the industry is gradually dwindling because of competitions, lack of creative skills and innovations and lack of support. The main competitor for the industry is Gajendragad.

The granite brings in a lot of revenue and the business is well established. The quarries and mines nearby are excavated for the raw stone, processed and polished and marketed. It is an important export commodity from the place and the town has welcomed an immense urbanization from the states as far as Rajasthan and Orissa. Nearby villages like Hoolageri have been widely benefitted and influenced and it is a main form of employment for the people of the regions. Important products include ruby red and Ilkal chocolate.

The above features of Ilkal have direct impact on the use of Energy, Environment impact and the significance of Global warming. Let us discuss, how we can educate the children on the positive contribution issues.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 35 of 73

PART 2 - TECHNICAL

DISCUSSIONS ON EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

We will discuss the factors that influence the use of energy resources so as to bring in sustainable remedial measures.



Figure 7 - Aerial view of campus



Image : courtesy, Google Earth Pro,

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 36 of 73

It is also prominently exhibited in all prominent places.

the management has shown keen interest in providing the amenities and is focusing on keeping the campus green there by the cool environment within the boundaries of the college.

Image : courtesy, Google Earth Pro,

POWER CONSUMPTION

Sr No	Observation*	Problems*	Resulting losses*	Remedial measures*	Capital*	Projected savings*	Category 7
	Energy	Variable	The institute	e has to monito	Avoided		
1	Consum		consumption and list the days when Peak				
	ption		the energy consumption is high and demand				
			the events	that cause the			

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Energy demand.

	Shri Vijaya Mahantesh Vidya Vardhak Sangha's						
SVM .	ARTS & COM	MERCE COLLEGE F	OR WOM	EN, ILKAL			
En	ergy Bill			ar 2020-21			
Sl.No	Month	Coll RR Number	lege Bill Units	Amount			
1	May-20	40416	2546	22240			
2	Jun-20	40416	1829	15571			
3	Jul-20	40416					
4	Aug-20	40416					
5	Sep-20	40416	777	5734			
6	Oct-20	40416	586	5274			
7	Nov-20	40416	2314	15046			
8	Dec-20	40416	1030	8599			
9	Jan-21	40416	1558	14076			
10	Feb-21	40416	1872	16844			
11	Mar-21	40416	2342	20987			
12	Apr-21	40416	3713	32923			
13	May-21	40416	3324	29510			
14	Jun-21	40416	1265	10839			
15	Jul-21	40416	1254	11049			
16	Aug-21	40416	2054	17803			
17	Sep-21	40416	3056	26270			
18	Oct-21	40416	2857	26129			
19	Nov-21	40416	2717	24663			
20	Dec-21	40416	2814	25262			

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 38 of 73

RENEWABLE ENERGY

Sr No	Observation*	Problems*	Resulting losses*	Remedial measures*	Capital*	Projected savings*	Category 7
2	Solar Power	Suggest to install Solar Power with grid connectivity. 7.1.2					7.1.2



The institute has installed solar power system. And is in the process of documentation with the utility. On commissioning, the institute should be able to generate 1200 to 1350 Units of power. With the energy conservation measures the institute should be able to go near zero importer of grid power.



THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 39 of 73

SENSOR TECHNOLOGY

Sr No	Observation *	Problems*	Resulting losses*	Remedial measures*	Capital*	Projected savings*	Category 7
3	Оссира	Wastage	High	Occupancy	₹1500 per	Resulted ROI	
	ncy	of power		sensor	room	of one year.	7.1.2
	sensor			based			7.1.2
				switching			
	Placem	Operation	Unregul	Master	₹ 4000/-	Wel	
	ent of	al	ated	switch at a	per room.	controlled	
	control	problems.	operati	specified	This could	operation.	
	switchs		on of	location	vary		7.1.2
			room	and	based on		
			lights.	specified	local		
				height.	sourcing.		

It is also observed that the lights are left switched ON at majority of places during daylight, thus calling for wastage of electrical power. Thus, causing financial losses to the management and deprival of energy to the needy.

An approximate reduction of 10% of the energy costs can be considered if the occupancy sensors are installed.



THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 40 of 73



Figure 8- scope for sensor based Light switching.

It is also seen that the children have no easy access to operating the control gear (Switches). Hence the lights remain on even when not needed.

Solution: It is therefore required to install <u>Light Intensity Sensors</u> in all the rooms. Lighting improvements should be carried out by using T5/LED or The Induction Light systems in lieu of normal tube lights. If the finance department permits, it is advised to install 40W Induction lamps in all classrooms.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 41 of 73

Source : Can be locally procured, However the load-based selection is key aspect in

its installation. To set the visibility, the intensity of natural light is much stronger and hence LUX based setting doesn't work. Hence the technical supervision is key aspect.

We suggest to allocate this to the Physics stream of students to understand the science and application of technology.



Need based light energy utilisation should be imparted to the children so as to take it forward to the society. Figure 9- Need for occupancy sensor

TASK BASED LIGHTING.

The other aspect to the light energy is the task based lighting.

le., Task – normal or critical.

General lighting ie open larea or living room lighting.



External lighting ie yard lighting

for security reasons.

We also suggest to make best use of natural lighting where possible. Figure 10 - T5 & T8 tube lights with Electromagnetic choke

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 42 of 73

We find use of T8 & T12 tube lights. It is wise to replace the same with LED tube lights on immediate basis. Considering the energy savings, the wait for there failure may not be justified.

It is seen that the Light fixtures are placed write abouve the Blackboard.

In case one wishes to haave such lighting arrangements, it is important to place transluscent glass to avoid glare on the eyes of the students.

This measure is important if the complete knowledge need to be transformed ointo the students.



LIGHT INTENSITY SENSOR REQUIREMENT.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 43 of 73

It may be seen that the Light is illuminated. However, the brightness on the students is seen to be coming from the sides. The shadow indicates natural light coming from the windows is brighter. Natural light is more predominant than the tube light. Hence tube light being switched off has no adverse effect. However, it would save on the energy consumption and contribute to green practices. On the flip side, It may be noted that the brightness away from the windows is not sufficient. The number fixtures should be increased or should be illuminated with more intense lighting.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

BATTERY MANAGEMENT.

The institute is training teachers, In this context, it is necessary that the trainees know the consequences of handling Batteries which are known to exist in every home, organisation and the institutions.

Sr No	Observation*	Problems*	Resulting losses*	Remedial measures*	Capital*	Projected savings*	Category 7
3	Battery place ment	Battery shell in conductor loop	Low performa nce & self- discharge	Design the stacking arrangemen ts.	In house re sources	25% of the cost of the batteries.	7.1.3

Criteria 7.1.1, 7.1.2, 7.1.3 and 7.1.5

BATTERY PLACEMENT:

* List of UPS - Rating & Battery bank details

SI.NO.	Name of Rooms	Battery	UPS
1	Office	6 of 150AH	7.5KV-1
2	Computer Lab	10 of 140AH	675 KV-1
3	General Hall	1 of 120AH	150KV-1

The institute has to work on battery management with grate concern. The following check points should be maintained.

• All batteries should be placed on an insulated platform.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

There are about 19,00,000 students in INDIA. If every student saves one sheet per day, 19,00,000 sheets of paper meaning 988 ton of paper will be saved every day. This is equivalent to saving 2748.54 ton of wood a day. This will lead to saving about 33,00,678 trees per year,

Page No. 45 of 73

- Batteries should not touch each other.
- Batteries emit acidic fumes, need cross ventilation for favourable breathing and fume dissipation.
- Provision for periodical checking and maintenance should be made possible without major obstacles.





THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 46 of 73

In absence of the above placement conditions, The batteries will discharge faster. Loss of energy

The charging time and current will increase as there is the return path for selfdischarge. Increased Energy Demand.

A well-maintained battery is known to serve for more than 7 years.

The presence of oxidation marks at the point of contact should not develop over the time.

We strongly advice for regenerating the batteries once every 3 to 4 years so that they serve over 15 years in liew of 5 years under present conditions.

A well-maintained battery will draw less c

harging power, i.e., saves on energy consumption, delivers more energy per charge thus resulting in better serviced life.

Batteries should be placed well ventilated and avoid dumping of any material on Figure 11 - - Battery placement, Need insulated platform. and space between two batteries..

the breathers provided.

For more information on battery regeneration, Contact

Sunshubh Technovations Pvt Ltd, Hubli <u>ceo@sunshubhrenewables.com</u>.

Sr No	Observation*	Problems*	Resulting losses*	Remedial measures*	Capital*	Projected savings*	Category 7
4	Battery regene ration.	Short life span	300% of the cost of the battery.	Subject all batteries to regeneratio n made.	Rs.20.00 Lacs or as per user agreement	300 %	7.1.2, 7.1.6

BATTERY REGENERATION

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 47 of 73

Battery regeneration is very popular. 80% of the batteries breaking down and losing capacity are sulphated, but can be restored with the right equipment. Battery regenerator successfully replaces sulphation by active material thanks to an electrical high-frequency pulsation process. This process restores the battery capacity, giving you the ability to reuse old and sulphated batteries. You can also use the battery regenerator for annual maintenance to considerably prolong the lifespan of your batteries. The battery regenerator can be used in every lead-acid-based battery: starter batteries, stationary batteries, traction & semi-traction batteries, Ni-Cad batteries ... Since the college uses BATTERIES in large numbers, the management can consider to procure one unit at the centralised station in the college campus.

NECESSITY AND ISSUES

It is customary in the present energy scenario to use Batteries either in our office or working environment. In continuation, The old week batteries are a nuisance as they need to be discarded in to the environment for further process. Which is a costly option both in terms of Health and pollution issues. Let us review our use of application and consider if we can improve our battery Figure 13 - Galvanic reaction causing damage to use methods. A brief note, before we battery life.

Lead-acid batteries are widely used as important power supply devices that include

automotive, uninterruptible power supply (UPS), telecommunication systems and various traction duties.

Lead-acid batteries are the workhorse of the rechargeable battery systems for its reliability, low cost, and good operational life. Predictably, approximately million tons waste batteries are generated every year



and the production of lead-acid batteries will continue to rise even more sharply with

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 48 of 73

sustained and rapid development of economy. The lead-acid battery is a complex industrial product, constituted by several different materials, the consequence was very serious which often caused much property loss, casualties and environment pollution once accidents happen

Based on "Technical Guidelines for Environmental Risk Assessment on Projects" and in consideration of the characteristics of the chemical compositions and contents, a framework of environmental risk assessment framework on lead-acid batteries was established. The work procedure included risk identification, sources analysis, pollution forecast, and defensive measures. By analysing the environmental risk assessment of lead-acid batteries, the study opined for directions both for the preventive measures and safe use, according to the forecast results of leadacid batteries.

RISK IDENTIFICATION OF LEAD-ACID BATTERIES.

Lead-acid batteries generally consist of four parts, which are electrolyte, lead and lead alloy grid, lead paste, and organics and plastics, which included lots of toxic, hazardous, flammable, explosive substances that can easily create potential risk sources. The materials contained in lead-acid batteries may bring about lots of pollution accidents such as fires, explosions, poisoning and leaks, contaminating environment and damaging ecosystem. The main chemical compositions and contents of spent lead-acid batteries are listed below.

The main chemical compositions and contents of spent lead-acid batteries

Compositions Contents (wt.%)

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 49 of 73

Electrolyte	11–30%
Lead and lead alloy grid	24–30%
Lead paste	30–40%
Organics and plastics	22–30%

The recognition & scope of lead-acid batteries, mainly focused on the pollutants involved in the process of centralized recovery, Storage areas and transport. Based on "Technical Guidelines for Environmental Risk Assessment on Projects" and" Identification of hazard installations for dangerous chemicals

Environmental effects of lead can end up in water and soils through corrosion of leaded pipelines in a water transporting system and through corrosion of leaded paints. ... Lead accumulates in the bodies of water organisms and soil

With change in times, new solutions keep coming up.

One such option is to Regenerate the dead or non-usable batteries. Energic Plus battery regenerator successfully removes sulphating due to an electrical high-frequency pulsation process.

This process restores the battery capacity, giving you the ability to reuse old and sulphated batteries. You can also use the battery preconditioner for annual maintenance to strongly prolong the lifespan of your batteries.

Main Benefits are :

- Removes excessive sulphate
- Prolongs the lifespan of your battery
- Generates detailed reports in Word, Excel or PDF
- Fully automatic, easy to handle
- Free software included with wireless data transfer to computer
- Combination of charging/discharging
- Works with all types of lead-acid-based batteries:
- Gel batteries,
- Traction(semi-) batteries,
- Starter batteries,
- Stationary Batteries.

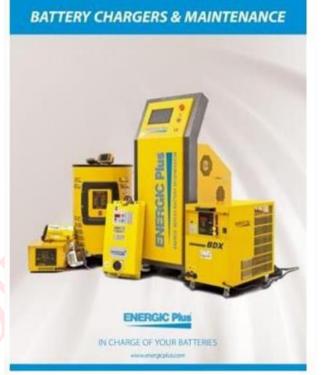
THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 50 of 73

Concealed batteries in operation or used batteries should be properly named and placed in proper order. The used batteries should be considered for REGENERATION

for the second and subsequent cycles and prolong the disposal as the chemicals cause high level of damage to the environment. We will discuss the regenerative system of used and week batteries to enhance the life. It is important to know few points on handling of batteries.

ENERGIC Plus



BU-703: Health Concerns with Batteries. Become familiar with the do's and don't's when handling batteries. Batteries are safe, but caution is necessary when touching damaged cells and when handling lead acid systems that have access to lead and sulfuric acid. Several countries label lead acid as hazardous material, and

rightly so. Lead can be a health hazard if not

LEAD

properly handled.

Lead is a toxic metal that can enter the body by inhalation of lead dust or ingestion when touching the mouth with lead-contaminated hands. If leaked onto the ground, acid and lead particles contaminate the soil and become airborne when dry. Children and foetuses of pregnant women are most vulnerable to lead exposure because their bodies are developing. Excessive levels of lead can affect a child's growth, cause brain damage, harm kidneys, impair hearing and induce behavioural problems. In adults, lead can cause memory loss and lower the ability to concentrate, as well as harm the reproductive system. Lead is also known to cause high blood pressure, nerve disorders, and muscle and joint pain. Researchers

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 51 of 73

speculate that Ludwig van Beethoven became ill and died because of lead poisoning. By 2017, members of the International Lead Association (ILA) want to keep the lead blood level of workers in mining, smelting, refining and recycling below 30 micrograms per decilitre (30µg/dl). In 2014, the average participating employee checked in at 15.6µg/dl, but 4.8 percent were above 30µg/dl. (Source Batteries & Energy Storage Technology, Summer 2015.)

In 2019, the University of Southern California published the detection of lead in teeth of children living near the Exide Technologies battery recycling plant in Vernon, California.

Lead occurs naturally in soil at 15–40mg/kg level. This level can increase multi-fold near lead battery manufacturing and recycling plants. Soil levels in developing countries, including on the continent of Africa, recorded lead contamination levels of 40–140,000mg/kg.

SULFURIC ACID

The sulfuric acid in a lead acid battery is highly corrosive and is more harmful than acids used in most other battery systems. Contact with eye can cause permanent blindness; swallowing damages internal organs that can lead to death. First aid treatment calls for flushing the skin for 10–15 minutes with large amounts of water to cool the affected tissue and to prevent secondary damage. Immediately remove contaminated clothing and thoroughly wash the underlying skin. Always wear protective equipment when handling sulfuric acid.

CADMIUM

Cadmium used in nickel-cadmium batteries is considered more harmful than lead if ingested. Workers at NiCd manufacturing plants in Japan have been experiencing health problems from prolonged exposure to the metal, and governments have banned disposal of nickel-cadmium batteries in landfills. The soft, whitish metal that occurs naturally in the soil can damage kidneys. Cadmium can be absorbed through

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 52 of 73

the skin by touching a spilled battery. Since most NiCd batteries are sealed, there are no health risks in handling intact cells; caution is required when working with an open battery.

Nickel-metal-hydride is considered non-toxic and the only concern is the electrolyte. Although toxic to plants, nickel is not harmful to humans.

Lithium-ion is also benign — the battery contains little toxic material. Nevertheless, caution is required when working with a damaged battery. When handling a spilled battery, do not touch your mouth, nose or eyes. Wash your hands thoroughly.

Keep small batteries out of children's reach. Children younger than four are the most likely to swallow batteries, and the most common types that are ingested are button cells. Each year in the United States alone, more than 2,800 children are treated in emergency rooms for swallowing button batteries. According to a 2015 report, serious injuries and deaths from swallowing batteries have increased nine-fold in the last decade.

The battery often gets stuck in the oesophagus (the tube that passes food). Water or saliva creates an electrical current that can trigger a chemical reaction producing hydroxide, a caustic ion that causes serious burns to the surrounding tissue. Doctors often misdiagnose the symptoms, which can reveal themselves as fever, vomiting, poor appetite and weariness. Batteries that make it through the oesophagus often move through the digestive tract with little or no lasting damage. The advice to a parent is to choose safe toys and to keep small batteries away from young children.

SAFETY TIPS

Keep button batteries out of sight and reach of children. Remote controls, singing greeting cards, watches, hearing aids, thermometers, toys and electric keys may contain these batteries.

Similar to pharmaceutical products, keep loose batteries locked away to prevent access by small children.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

There are about 19,00,00,000 students in INDIA. If every student saves one sheet per day, 19,00,00,000 sheets of paper meaning 988 ton of paper will be saved every day. This is equivalent to saving 2748.54 ton of wood a day. This will lead to saving about 33,00,678 trees per year,

Page No. 53 of 73

Communicate the danger of swallowing button batteries with your children, as well as caregivers, friends, family members and babysitters.

If you suspect your child has ingested a battery, go to the hospital immediately. Wait for a medical assessment before allowing the child to eat and drink.

VENTILATION

Charging batteries in living quarters should be safe, and this also applies to lead acid. Ventilate the area regularly as you would a kitchen when cooking. Lead acid produces some hydrogen gas but the amount is minimal when charged correctly. Hydrogen gas becomes explosive at a concentration of 4 percent. This would only be achieved if large lead acid batteries were charged in a sealed room.

Over-charging a lead acid battery can produce hydrogen sulphide. The gas is colourless, very poisonous, flammable and has the odour of rotten eggs. Hydrogen sulphide also occurs naturally during the breakdown of organic matter in swamps and sewers; it is present in volcanic gases, natural gas and some well waters. Being heavier than air, the gas accumulates at the bottom of poorly ventilated spaces. Although noticeable at first, the sense of smell deadens the sensation with time and potential victims may be unaware of its presence.

As a simple guideline, hydrogen sulphide becomes harmful to human life if the odour is noticeable. Turn off the charger, vent the facility and stay outside until the odour disappears. Other gases that can develop during charging and the operations of lead acid batteries are arsine (arsenic hydride, AsH₃) and (antimony hydride, SbH₃). Although the levels of these metal hydrides stay well below the occupational exposure limits, they are a reminder to provide adequate ventilation. Regeneration of week batteries for the second lease of life.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 54 of 73

NATURAL VENTILATION.

Sr No	Observation*	Problems*	Resulting losses*	Remedial measures*	Capital*	Projected savings* Category 7
7	Natural Ventilat ion	Permane ntly closed ventilators	Creation of hot air pockets below the ceiling.	Open the Ventilators for easy exit of hot/warm air from the rooms.	Nil, In house manp ower.	Eliminat es use of Electric al Fans and Substan tial cost of energy bills

The natural ventilators are missing in the top floor class rooms. We also see that the roof is of Galvalume sheets. This makes the room hotter and more intolerable during

the hot days. In absence of cross ventilation, the room turns out to be a oven. WE strongly suggest that the rooms be provided with cross ventilation just below the roof, making it easy for the hot air to vent out by thermosyphon.

Illustrative.

We also suggest to use BLDC fans in Liew of normal ceiling fans which are energy intensive.



THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 55 of 73

WHY SUPER ENERGY EFFICIENT CEILING FANS?

Regular old ceiling fans

Ceiling fans escape one's mind when thinking about reducing electricity cost. This forgotten appliance contributes significantly to electricity consumption due to its numbers and hours of usage. The following estimation supports this claim. A regular ceiling fan (1200 mm span) consumes about 75 W at the highest speed. There are over 400 million regular ceiling fans in India and each of them creates an electricity demand about 39W* (consumption at medium speed).



Super energy efficient ceiling fans

At present Brushless Direct Current (BLDC) ceiling fan is the popular choice of <u>super</u> <u>energy efficient ceiling fans</u> in India. There are two premier BLDC ceiling fan brands in India – <u>Superfan</u> (Versa Drives Private Limited) and Gorilla fans (Atomberg Technologies)**. These ceiling fans (1200mm span) consume 35W at the highest speed so they save over 50% of electricity consumption.

The higher efficiency comes with no compromise in air delivery. Now consider replacing all the ceiling fans in India with <u>best energy saving ceiling fan</u>. The reduction in electricity demand created by ceiling fans will be:

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 56 of 73

Please contact M/S Versa Drives Private Limited 38 B, Vadakku Thottam Part, Idikarai, Coimbatore. Tamil Nadu, India 641022 **L** Tel: 0422-2972798 / 2972799 / 2972800 Reference to the audit report may be made to avail educational discount.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

SAFETY.

Page No. 57 of 73

8	Sr No
Electrical safety	Observation*
Failure of electrical equipment	Problems*
Loss of valuable data and assets.	Resulting losses*
Proper earthing and periodical maintenance with measurement.	Remedial measures*
Nil, In house manpower.	Capital*
Eliminates electrical hazards and threat to life. Substantial cost of	Projected savings*
7.1.2, 7.1.6	Category 7



Name plate :

Cumpter room.

Earth pit connected to : xxxx system.

Date of inspection : dd/mm/yyyy

Measured values.

Date of next inspection : dd/(mm)/yyyy

Reasistance: $xx \Omega$

Leakage current : xx Amps.

Required values.

< 5 Ω

< 3.5mA

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

LIST OF INSTRUMENTS:

During the process of the Audit, the following lists of instruments were used.

Sr No.	INSTRUMENT	MAKE	APPLICATION
1	Digital Power Analyser (PC Interfaced)	SCHIVAN ARNOX	Electrical Machinery.
2	Accessories -3000 Amps	ARNOX	Higher load UPTO 3000 Amps,
3	Accessories -200 Amps	ARNOX	UPTO 200 Amps,
4	Thermal Imager	FLIR	Identify loose contacts and bearing losses
5	Power Analyser (Manual)	MECO	Electrical Machinery.
6	Infrared Thermometer	METRAVI	Thermal (Fuel) Energy.
7	Digital (Contact) Temperature & Humidity Meter.	METRAVI	Electrical Machinery. (A/C's And Cooling Towers)
8	Digital Tachometer	METRAVI	Electrical Machinery.(A/C's And Cooling Towers)
9	Lux Meter	METRAVI	General & Task Lighting.
10	Sound Level Meter	METRAVI	Electrical Machinery. Generator Sound Proofing
11	Digital Anemometer	METRAVI	Electrical Machinery.(A/C's And Cooling Towers)
12	Digital KW Meter	METRAVI	Electrical Machinery.
13	Digital Power Factor Meter	METRAVI	Electrical Machinery.
14	Lap Top Computer	HP	To Interface The Instruments For More Accurate - Sophisticated Readings In Sensitive Equipments.
15	Ultrasonic flow meter		Measure liquid flow.
16	Portable Vibration Meter.	METRAVI	Effect Of Filtration - Sewing System. Structural Stability
17	Live cable detector probe	-	Detect hidden cables for safety audit.
18	Power Analyser – EMM 5	Beluk	For remote communication and detailed audit.
19	Power Analyser – ELITE PRO	Beluk	Power Analyser.
20	ETV meter, KWh & PF meters for site recording.	Secure	
21	PT's for Transformer audits.	KALPA	On field auditing of transformer loading and imbalance evaluation.

Only appropriate instruments will used wherever necessary.

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 59 of 73

ACTION PLAN SUMMARY:

Earmark the action plan.

Invite subject experts for Tec talks,

Organize in person panel discussions and interaction to propagate the knowledge and mitigate the problems in practicing the same.

Prioritize the initiatives and execute.

Observe the benefits and shortcomings.

Workout further improvement by involving the staff and students.

MODE OF ACTION:

The process of GREEN AUDIT & ENERGY CONSERVATION should be carried out in three steps.

Good housekeeping practices using available manpower.

Minor alterations using in house work culture with minimum investments on accessories as discussed.

Capital investments, which may be required for installation of new methodologies may be taken up on phased manner.

We will be happy to assist you for any further advice/consultancy if required either on Rainwater management or on any of the measures discussed in the report.

We hope the measures are implemented in good spirit and to human convenience and comfort.

For SUNSHUBH TECHNOVATIONS PVT LTD.,

Mallikarjun A. Kambalyal. B.E. (E&C) Certified Energy Auditors EA-3485

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 60 of 73

NOTES:

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Notes:

Page No. 61 of 73

THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 62 of 73

Notes:







THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 63 of 73



THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 64 of 73





THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 65 of 73







THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

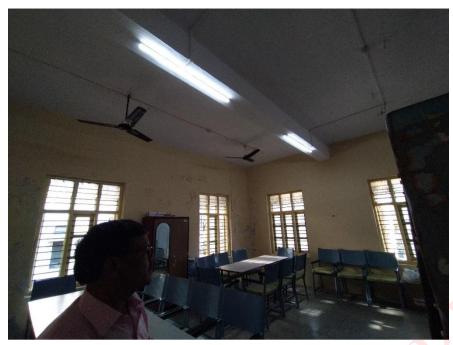
Page No. 66 of 73





THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 67 of 73





THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 68 of 73





THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 69 of 73





THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 70 of 73



THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 71 of 73





THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 72 of 73



THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT

Page No. 73 of 73





THOUGHT FOR EVERY MOMENT